## **Chapter 4**

# **ASSIGNMENT**

## **OBJECTIVE 4.1**

1	Which of	the follow	ting oaus	tion is n	ot linear	oquation	2
1.	vvnich of	tne ionov	ing equa	ition is n	ot imear	equation	•

(A) 
$$2x + 3 = 7x - 2$$

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 (B)  $\frac{2}{3}x + 5 = 3x - 4$  (C)  $x^2 + 3 = 5x - 3$ 

(C) 
$$x^2 + 3 = 5x - 3$$

(D) 
$$(x-2)^2 = x^2 + 8$$

2. Solution of equation 
$$\sqrt{3}x - 2 = 2\sqrt{3} + 4$$
 is

(A) 
$$2(\sqrt{3}-1)$$

(B) 
$$2(1-\sqrt{3})$$

(C) 
$$1 + \sqrt{3}$$

(D) 
$$2(1+\sqrt{3})$$

3. The value of x which satisfy 
$$\frac{6x+5}{4x+7} = \frac{3x+5}{2x+6}$$
 is

$$(A) -1$$

(D) 
$$-2$$

4. Solution of 
$$\frac{x-a}{b+c} + \frac{x-b}{c+a} + \frac{x-c}{a+b} = 3$$
 is

$$(A) a + b - c$$

(B) 
$$a - b + c$$

$$(C) -a + b + c$$

(D) 
$$a + b + c$$

(D) 36 years

(D) 290

- (A) only one solution
- (B) two solution
- (C) infinite solution

(D) None of these

#### Solution of the equation x - 2y = 2 is/are 8.

(A) 
$$x = 4$$
,  $y = 1$ 

(B) 
$$x = 2$$
,  $y = 0$ 

(C) 
$$x = 6$$
,  $y = 2$ 

(D) All of these

9. The graph of line 
$$5x + 3y = 4$$
 cuts Y-axis at the point

(A) 
$$\left(0, \frac{4}{3}\right)$$

(B) 
$$\left(0, \frac{3}{4}\right)$$

(C) 
$$\left(\frac{4}{5},0\right)$$

(D) 
$$\left(\frac{5}{4},0\right)$$

10. If 
$$x = 1$$
,  $y = 1$  is a solution of equation  $9ax + 12ay = 63$  then, the value of a is

$$(A) -3$$



### **SUBJECTIVE - 4.2**

### Solve the following linear equations in one variable

- 1. If  $\frac{2x+7}{x+2} = \frac{4x+3}{2x-7}$ , find the value of  $x^3 + x^2 + x + 1$ .
- 2. Determine whether x = 5, y = 4 is a solution of the equation x 2y = -3Solve the following linear equations in two variable.
- 3. 8x 5y = 34, 3x 2y = 13
- 4. 20x + 3y = 7, 8y 15x = 5
- 5. 2x 3y 3 = 0,  $\frac{2x}{3} + 4y + \frac{1}{2} = 0$
- 6. Draw the graph of 2x + 3y = 6 and use it to find the area of triangle formed by the line and co-ordinate axis.
- 7. Draw the graph of the lines 4x y = 5 and 5y 4x = 7 on the same graph paper and find the coordinates of their point of intersection.
- 8. Find two numbers such that five times the greater exceeds four times the lesser by 22 and three times the greater together with seven times the lesser is 32.
- 9. Draw the graph of x y + 1 = 0 and 3x + 2y 12 = 0 on the same graph. Calculate the area bounded by these lines & X-axis.
- 10. If p = 3x + 1,  $q = \frac{1}{3}(9x + 13)$  and p : q = 6 : 5 then find x.

