1.4 Some important results on number of elements in sets

If A, B and C are finite sets and U be the finite universal set, then (1) $n(A \cup B) = n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cap B)$

- (2) $n(A \cup B) = n(A) + n(B) \Leftrightarrow A, B$ are disjoint non-void sets.
- (3) $n(A B) = n(A) n(A \cap B)$ i.e., $n(A B) + n(A \cap B) = n(A)$
- (4) $n(A \triangle B) = \text{Number of elements which belong to exactly one of } A \text{ or } B = n((A B) \cup (B A)) = n$ (A - B) + n(B - A)

[:: (A - B) and (B - A) are disjoint]

$$= n(A) - n(A \cap B) + n(B) - n(A \cap B) = n(A) + n(B) - 2n(A \cap B)$$

- $(5) \ n(A \cup B \cup C) = n(A) + n(B) + n(C) n(A \cap B) n(B \cap C) n(A \cap C) + n(A \cap B \cap C)$
- (6) *n* (Number of elements in exactly two of the sets *A*, *B*, *C*) = $n(A \cap B) + n(B \cap C) + n(C \cap A) 3n(A \cap B \cap C)$
 - (7) n(Number of elements in exactly one of the sets A, B, C) = n(A) + n(B) + n(C)
 - $-2n(A \cap B) 2n(B \cap C) 2n(A \cap C) + 3n(A \cap B \cap C)$
 - (8) $n(A' \cup B') = n(A \cap B)' = n(U) n(A \cap B)$
 - (9) $n(A' \cap B') = n(A \cup B)' = n(U) n(A \cup B)$

